Grammar Practice

to be

AudidonetilWeA	aktalestikos	Turicandofelariikter	Shrow Answers
lam / l'm	l am not / l'm not	Am I ?	Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.
You are / You're	You are not / You aren't	Are you ?	Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.
He is / He's	He is not / He isn't	ls he ?	Yes, we are. / No, we aren't.
She is / She's	She is not / She isn't	Is she ?	Weeks
It is / It's	It is not / It isn't	ls it ?	for descriptions
We are / We're	We are not / We aren't	Are we ?	to give information
You are / You're	You are not / You aren't	Are you ?	Watch Out!
They are / They're	They are not / They aren't	Are they?	they = people and things

1. he:	a. Mr Roberts	c. Mum
	b. a boy	
2. we:	a. you and I	c. Claire and I
	b. my friends	
3. it:	a. a lemon	c. IT department
	b. e-mails	
4. they:	a. a clerk	c. rooms
	b. Anna and John	
5. she:	a. Ms Bell	c. mother
	b. umbrella	
6. you:	a. your office	c. Claire and you

2 Complete the sentences with am, is or are.

b. the Chief Accountant and you

_	injecto the bontoneous with any, is of the
1.	Youon the ninth floor,
2.	the Head of IT.
3.	Wein London.
4.	Londonin England.
5.	The offices at City Tower.
6.	Tonia marketing rep.
7.	Emilya receptionist.

3 Write the sentences in the negative. Use the words in brackets.

1.	He is from France. (Spain)
2.	She is an administrative assistant. (receptionist
3.	I am Julie. (Linda)
4.	You are on the fourth floor. (third floor)
5.	It is a jacket. (coat)

4 Complete the questions.

1.	Rose a laboratory technician?
2.	you from Spain?
3.	they new employees?
4.	your name Chad?
5.	he from England?

5 Write the words in the correct order to form questions.

1.	you / are / on / the second floor	
	?	
2.	a receptionist / your mother / is	
	?	
3.	your friend / is / from / the accounting departm	en:
	?	
4.	at work / you and your friends / are	
	?	

6 Answer the questions in Exercise 5. Use short answers. Make the answers true for you.

1.
2
3
4



have got

/Arijumattive	i <u>Nergalili</u> Ve	Initelatogravitica.	z ShoncAheweisase
I have got / I've got	I haven't got	Have I got ?	Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.
You have got / You've got	You haven't got	Have you got ?	Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't.
He has got / He's got	He hasn't got	Has he got ?	Uses ***
She has got / She's got	She hasn't got	Has she got ?	to talk about possession
It has got / It's got	It hasn't got	Has it got ?	to talk about characteristics
We have got / We've got	We haven't got	Have we got ?	
You have got / You've got	You haven't got	Have you got ?	
They have got / They've got	They haven't got	Have they got?	

7 Circle the correct answer.

- 1. The visitor has got / have got an umbrella.
- 2. We has got / have got an appointment.
- 3. Tom and Sue has got / have got the books.
- 4. The office has got / have got a coffee machine.
- 5. I has got / have got a good job.
- 6. You has got / have got a meeting with the Managing Director.

8	Write the	sentences	in	Exercise	7	in	the
	negative.						

2.	
α	

9 Complete the sentences with the correct form of have got.

- 1. |a phone.
- 2. Jeremy(not) a blue jacket.
- 3. We a nice office.
- 4. You(not) meetings today.
- 5. Lesley and Bena meeting on the 3rd floor.
- 6. The company(not) many visitors today.

10 Complete the questions with *Have ... got* or *Has ... got*.

1.	phone?	you a new
2.	a house?	your family
		you and your frlends any animals?
4.	\	our friends
	jobs?	
5.	a long name?	our mum
	· ·	
	an office?	our friend

Il Answer the questions in Exercise 10. Make the answers true for you.

- 1	 		 	 	 	 		 	 	
										,,
6		*******	 	 	 ******	 ,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,	 	 	

12 Circle the correct answer.

- 1. Sonia is / has got British.
- 2. Mr Jackson and Mr Scott are / have got big offices.
- 3. Lisa isn't / hasn't got a job.
- 4. I am / have got a student.
- 5. Is / Has got this your phone number?
- 6. Melissa isn't / hasn't got a drink.
- 7. My friends and I aren't / haven't got any green tea in the office.



Present Simple

ANATHATISTINGS	(Nejoguikte)	Intredacoxétatitos	Shiphe/A	orayye
Hearn	I don't learn	Ďo I learn ?	Yes, I do	. / No
You learn	You don't learn	Do you learn ?	Yes, she	does
He learns	He doesn't learn	Does he learn ?	(0)46)	
She learns	She doesn't learn	Does she learn ?	to talk ak	oout g
It learns	It doesn't learn	Does it learn ?		Wa
We learn	We don't learn	Do we learn, ?		like -
You learn	You don't learn	Do you learn ?		wate
They learn	They don't learn	Do they learn ?	ĺ	go-
भित्तिक कित्रवास्यक्षी	DS ^{north down}			try –
every morning / c	day, once / twice a month	/ year, on Mondays		Note
Acomorphic to thinge	Memcy was seen to	tana ing pagasa pagasa		
	Allendado de Liberto, (Alberto Laborato)	management and the second		

always, often, usually, sometimes, rarely, never

o, I don't.

s. / No, she doesn't.

general facts and habits

are the second

atch Out!

– like**s**

tch – watch**es**

- goes

- tries

te: 🗸 He doesn't like

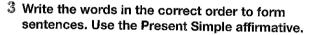
X NOT: He doesn't likes

Complete the sentences with the verbs in
brackets. Use the Present Simple affirmative,

- 1. I......(drink) coffee every morning.
- 2. Mr Hartfeld(work) for a sports equipment company.
- 3. The administrative assistants usually(greet) visitors.
- 4. Sue never (finish) her work on time.
- 5. We (meet) with the Managing Director once a month.
- 6. The Marketing Director always (study) the market reports.

2 Circle the correct answer.

- 1. I rarely / sometimes eat at the cafeteria because I don't like the food there.
- 2. Ms Darcy starts work at 9.00 usually / every morning.
- 3. Daniel works here once a week / twice a week on Mondays and on Wednesdays.
- 4. Many visitors come to the office. Amelia usually / never greets them and tries to make a good impression.
- 5. I always / often just have a sandwich or salad for lunch in my office, but I sometimes / never go out for lunch. Hike the restaurant opposite our office.



- 1. always / at 9.00 / start / I / my workday
- 2. office windows / Ms Thomas / the / wash / sometimes
- 3. go / on business trips / often / the Managing
- 4. visitors / every day / the company / receive
- 5. close / in the evening / they / the windows

4 Write the sentences in the negative.

- 1. This lift goes to the top floor.
- 2. We make children's clothes.
- 3. Mr Campbell works for AAA Electronics.
- 4. They use the car park in the building.
- 5. I buy lunch at the cafeteria.
- 6. She drives her car to work.





5 Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use the correct form of the Present Simple. not work • park • use • not drink • have	Somplete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the correct form of the Present Simple.
1. Itea. I prefer coffee.	1. We(sell) our products in many
2. We usuallymeetings in the	countries.
conference room on the second floor.	2, (prefer)
3. Rachelfor us any more. She left	tea or coffee?
her job three months ago.	3. They (not like) the food
4. Mr Carson alwayshis car in the	at the cafeteria.
car park. He's got his own parking space there.	Katie (enjoy) drinking iced tea in the summer.
5. Myra alwaysthe lift because	5 he (know)
she works on the 11th floor,	Ms King's room number?
6 Complete the questions with do or does.	6. Mr Tate(not drink)
1you want a cold drink?	coffee.
2Keith work in the laboratory?	7. What productsyour company
3people usually use the stairs?	(make)?
4. When Mrs Bradley arrive at	
the office?	Imperative Let's
5. What we need for the meeting?	
6. WhereRobert Hart sit?	Go straight. Let's meet at 2 pm.
7 Match the questions in Exercise 6 to the	Don't leave your bag here.
answers below.	Use: to make a suggestio
a. No, he doesn't.	to give a direct order
b. On the 2nd floor, Room 205.	
c. Some drinks and biscuits,	10 Complete the sentences with the verbs below.
d. No, thank you.	Use the correct form of the imperative.
e. Yes, they do.	not go * offer * take * not use * follow * not enter
f. At 10,00.	1 the lift to the 9th floor.
	2the coffee machine. It isn't
Write questions for each answer. Pay attention	working.
to the words in bold.	3visitors a drink.
1?	4 me, please.
Yes. They clean the toilets every day.	5the room right now.
2?	6past the stockroom. Room 313
I finish work at 4.00.	is just before the stockroom.
3?	Make suggestions for the following situations.
He works in the laboratory.	Use Let's.
4?	1. You and your friends are hungry,
No. We don't work on Saturday,	Let's have lunch in the cafeteria.
5?	2. The meeting is on the second floor and there are
Ms Gill buys coffee at this shop.	many people in the lift.
	You and some other employees want to know the name of the Financal Director.
	4. Your computers aren't working well.

5. You started work at 8.30 and it's 6.30 now.